





## The Prospects Before us.

The crisis in which the country has been involved since the 6th of November, seems to be fast culminating. Day after day, for weeks past, we have been expecting some overt act which should precipitate the great questions of the day, whether secession and revolution were to go on unchecked by the general government until the union of states were destroyed, or whether it should be demonstrated that the general government had vigor enough to force its authority, and proclaim to the world that we indeed have a national government.

The interest of the people in this drama, or this tragedy, as it may be, which is passing before them, has had its center, sometimes at Fort Sumter, at other times at the national capital, and lastly, at Pensacola. At each of these places, it has been probable, at various times, that the civil war would begin which would test the strength of our federal government. The scene shifts between them, according to the rumors of the hour which come over the wires. During the last few days the public mind has been excited by a vague apprehension that something had happened to the brave little garrison at Fort Sumter, which almost alone defies the rebels of the south. Since the 29th of January, nothing has been heard from Maj. Anderson. At that time there were published in the Charleston papers accounts of a war vessel on their coast, and of boats seen in the night in the harbor, or its approaches, whose appearances were suspicious. Later there was a rumor from Washington, that Fort Sumter had been reinforced, but this rests upon no positive evidence, so that there remains a painful uncertainty in relation to the events which have transpired at Charleston, during the past week.

At Pensacola the brave Lieut. Slemmer has been able by a masterly inactivity in relation to his besiegers, and a still more masterly activity in his own garrison, to deprive his drunken, disorderly besiegers, of all hope of success, and they have dispersed to their homes in Alabama and Louisiana. It is not probable they will again reappear in any force. War is expensive and it requires discipline, patience and labor, and in all these the southern guerrillas are deficient. Give them plenty of hominy, bacon and whiskey, and they are valiant and boastful; but a deficiency of any of these essentials, especially of the latter, and their courage vanishes.

Whether there is any danger at Washington it is difficult to determine. Gen. Scott thinks there is, and goes on making his preparations for defense and protection upon this theory. It does not appear, however, that the committee of investigation appointed by the house has discovered anything positively alarming, although there is evidence enough of a disposition to destroy the government and take the capital. The traitors do not seem to have any head, or rallying point of organization for forcible measures. Gov. Wise, is, no doubt ready to boss the job, but his fellow traitors do not have the utmost confidence in his judgment. It is well, however, that we have Gen. Scott at the capital, and the nation reposes confidence in his sagacity and experience.

We cannot say that the people, the republican portion of them, especially, are as fully satisfied with their political leaders. The extraordinary position taken by Mr. Seward, and the compromises advocated by other republicans, by which their principles are surrendered, have alarmed many.

The session of a compromising convention from about half the states of the Union, called at the instance of Virginia, to ratify amendments to the constitution for the protection of slavery, are events preplexing and unsatisfactory.

There is also in session at Montgomery, Alabama, a convention of all the seceding states, called for the purpose of forming a southern confederacy. Judging from the previous policy of the secessionists, they will delay in none of their movements, on paper; their discretion appears to be conspicuous only in not commencing actual war. They will, therefore, probably proceed to form a southern confederacy and elect provisional officers immediately.

Recent developments of opinion in Kentucky and Tennessee render it certain that those states will not hitch themselves to the car of disunion. The same prospects are apparent, also, in Missouri, although desperate efforts are made by the secessionists.

The defeat of the secessionists in Virginia, at the election of delegates on Monday, will dampen their ardor, and, probably, pave the way for some compromise at Washington.

On the whole the prospects are more peaceful than a week ago, and quite favorable to a surrender of the principles contended for by the republicans at the late presidential election. Slavery, we think, receive the guarantees for protection, which it demands, then the seceding states will come back, and the farce will end by the backing down of the north.

**BEN WADE'S COMPROMISE.**—The sturdy old senator from Ohio has at last fallen in to the prevalent fashion of the times, and offered a compromise. It is as follows:—"I am of the opinion, as a christian man," says he, "that two hundred of the leaders of this conspiracy should be hung as traitors. If the south thinks that number too great, and will give up one hundred and fifty, I will compromise on that, so that the Union may be saved!"

The Tennessee legislature has refused to appropriate a dollar to arm the state. The Nashville Union, the secession organ of the democracy, doesn't like that.

A sister of John G. Whittier, the poet, died at Amesbury, Mass., a few days ago.

## Appointment of Commissioners.

The passage of the amended senate resolutions to appoint commissioners to the Virginia convention was effected yesterday in the assembly. We impugna no man's motives for the vote he has cast. No principle was designed to be sacrificed by the republicans who voted for the resolutions; but such we are fearful will be the result. When the work of the convention is done, when the principles which are dear to republicans are sacrificed, and the party which cherishes them is divided and destroyed by the hypocrites and designing demagogues who have originated this false called "peace congress," it will be seen whether it was wise for republicans to take part in it.

## Repeal of the Personal Liberty Laws.

The following in the preamble and resolutions of Senator Hutchinson in relation to the Personal Liberty Laws of this State, and which passed the senate unanimously: WHEREAS, In congress and elsewhere the acts of Wisconsin and other free states commonly called "Personal Liberty Bills" enacted for the protection of free inhabitants, has been referred to as evidence of an intention to nullify that provision of the federal constitution in relation to the rendition of fugitives from service, and especially the pretext upon which to prevail upon the revolutionists in their attempt to overthrow the constitution and plunge the country into all the horrors of civil war. And

WHEREAS, The states of Kentucky and Maryland, whose citizens suffer more loss than those of any other state from the escape of their slaves, unmoved by any such pretenses have lately declared their loyalty to the constitution and the union. And

WHEREAS, The people of Wisconsin inspired by such examples of patriotism, as well as actuated by a sense of their duty, are ready at all times to meet fraternal advances in the spirit in which they are made, and to maintain in good faith any provisions of the federal constitution—Therefore,

Resolved by the senate, the assembly concurring, That the judiciary committee of the senate and assembly be directed to examine and revise the laws of this state relating to kidnapping, habeas corpus and the rendition of fugitives from labor, so as to make the same in all things conform to the constitution of the United States, if in anything they are in conflict therewith.

## From the Milwaukee Sentinel.

## WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

MADISON, Feb. 5.—Y. P. M. The discussion of the resolution authorizing the senate to send five commissioners to Washington, was resumed this morning, in assembly, by Judge Spooner, in opposition to the project, who occupied the floor about two hours, the floor and galleries being filled with listeners of both sexes. He made the most elaborate and able speech on that side of the question, and probably the fullest and ablest on either side during the long discussion.

The brief limits of a despatch will not permit me even to attempt to report the power or leading ideas of it. It was bold, dignified, manly and thoroughly republican, urging the maintenance of the first duty, and all republicans, and all patriots, was to vindicate the laws and the constitution of the country, and that compromises, conventions, etc., were not in order, and were mischievous concessions, until that was done.

Messengers were proposed at various times, and voted down.

The main question was put on the resolution, and resulted—ayes 49, noes 41. Ayes—Albert, Atwood, Bear, Bellis, Bly, Borden, Bonney, Carey, Chapman, Comstock, Cook, Dickey, Ellis, Evans, Ewing, Flint, Gale, Hall, Hanes, Hays, Hicks, D. H. Johnson, Koop, Kirkpatrick, Linn, Mackay, Massey, Messmore, Mitchell, Northrop, O'Malley, Peters, Petrie, Pfaff, Pope, Prentiss, Ramsey, Reed, Mordant, Schottel, Stanton, Sawyer, Thomas, Temple, Webb, Williams and Windes—49.

Noes—Bailey, Benson, Bradford, Bredemeyer, Buck, Campbell, Cavenor, Chandler, Clark, Cottrell, Dwight, Fobes, Frank, Graves, Gilbert, Graham, S. W. Graves, L. R. Graves, Hammond, Hazen, C. R. Johnson, Knapp, Latham, Linsley, Long, Minor, Munroe, Newton, Palmer, Pickett, Allen, Robbins, Rogee, Spooner, Smith, Stevenson, Sawyer, White, Willard, Youmans and Mr. Spooner—41.

**Democrats in italics.** The result in the senate is considered very doubtful in the present state of the resolutions, though I see no reason why the same influence that carried them through the assembly will not carry them through the senate. There were sudden changes in the assembly on the question. Men who were taking notes, and waiting for an opportunity to oppose the proposition, when they got the floor spoke on the other side.

**GOSPIR.** This change was effected by judicious selection of commissioners by the Governor. His purpose in that respect being known only to those whose influence was necessary, a portion of the commissioners were to be democrats is generally conceded.

The republicans who voted for the measure, claim to be actuated only by the purest of motives, and insist upon it that concessions or compromise is farthest from their intentions. Those who oppose it claim that it means compromise and concession and nothing else, and affect to see in the thing an attempt to organize a great Union-savvy compromise party, to embrace all the democracy, as signified by their votes on this proposition, and a fraction of the republicans as signified by the same vote.

I only give you the current gossip, expressing no opinion. The matter takes a deep hold on the feelings of politicians here, and will probably have a marked influence in the politics of the state.

It is now said that the president has given up to the war department the whole defence of the District of Columbia. Hope this is so, as Secretary Holt and Gen. Scott will object to it.

No. 1 shipping cattle are in demand at Chicago, but at \$2,35a3,25. Good cattle are in fair demand, and meet with ready sale, while thin, poor, inferior, coarse cattle are a drug on the market.

Mr. Hale declared in the senate, on Monday, that the north was not making war upon any section; but if war did come, the first the north did would be to take care of northern traitors. It is quite evident from facts which have been developed that there are men in the north supplying southern traitors with arms, and need the attention of government.

The memorable words of Old Hickory: "The Union, it must and shall be preserved," have been proven literally true, for in spite of all appearances, the Union is certainly in a fine pickle!—[Vanity Fair.

## ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

One of the oldest citizens of Mansfield, Ohio, who had done the state some service in times past, proposes the formation of a military company of old men. He says he wants real old fellows, who can't run.

Lola Montez being asked, some days after her arrival in this country, which was contemporaneous with that of Kossuth, what she thought of the Hungarian, she replied, "We are two humbugs, only I acknowledge it and he doesn't."

It is worth remarking that the resignations of officers from the last states to secede are many times less than those of South Carolinians. While over a dozen of the latter have left the service, hardly an average of four have resigned from each of the others.

At a meeting of the people of Holly Springs, Miss., a few days since, the contributions for arming the military of that city reached the handsome sum of \$3,300 in money, and \$6,000 in rations, clothing, etc. Many ladies contributed largely.

Three banking houses in Boston sold bills of exchange, during the year 1860, for \$310,040, to Irish working people, to be remitted to their relatives in the "old country." Probably half a million dollars was sent from Boston in this way.

Garibaldi's habitation at Caprera having been recently photographed, the Italians are so much shocked at its miserable aspect that a subscription has been set on foot for the purpose of raising funds to build him a house; but it is probable that the General will refuse this gift as he has refused so many others.

A man who had won a fat turkey at a raffle, and whose prize was very inquisitive about his method of obtaining the poultry, satisfied her scruples at last by the remark that "the shakers gave it to him."

Florence Nightingale's health is improving, though she is still unable to bear carriage exercise. She resides in the suburbs of London.

Some statisticians compute that the New York restaurants sell, on an average, 53, 125 square feet of pie daily.

An old man who had fought in the war of 1812, committed suicide in Hinds county, Miss., recently, because the Union was dissolved.

An English photographer, W. H. Leathery, has succeeded in obtaining negative impressions on wax paper.

The senate of Alabama has passed a bill requiring all free negroes to leave the state by the 1st of January, 1862, or be sold into slavery.

The New England states have about one-fortieth of the territory included in the Union. Massachusetts constitutes one-third hundred and eightieth part of the national area.

The English authorities have lately annexed five hundred square miles of territory in the Himalayan region, including the highest peak of that famous mountain range.

In the United States there are more confectioners than watchmakers; more weavers than teachers; more vinegar-makers than showmen; and the same number of wagon-makers as editors.

The Boston committee of union men met a very cool reception at Washington. Mr. Winthrop called on Senator Mason, and referred to his former visit to Massachusetts, remarked in the blandest tones: "I hope, Mr. Mason, we shall see you again at Bunker hill." To which the senator stiffly jerked out the response: "Not unless I come as an ambassador, sir." Winthrop wilted.

**FORT PICKENS.**—If it be true, as Major Chase is reported to have said, that Fort Pickens can batter down Fort Barrancas in three hours, and with one hundred men maintain it against five thousand, and kill 50 per cent. of the attacking party, why then the Alabamians and Floridians who now invest said fort may as well secede—for the present.

## Mr. Lincoln on Compromise.

At a late hour last night we received the following telegraph item:

"It is now certain that private letters have been received from Mr. Lincoln urging his friends to conciliation and compromise, and it is stated that he indicates the border state resolutions as a reasonable basis of adjustment. As soon after the electoral vote shall be counted in the presence of Congress, on the second Wednesday in February, he will acquaint the public with his views on the present crisis. He heretofore has not felt it proper, in advance of official information, to make the declaration of his election, for him to take part in the direction of political affairs."

We, of course, have had no opportunity to converse with Mr. Lincoln, but such is our knowledge of his views and feelings, that we have no hesitation in declaring that Mr. Lincoln has committed himself to no compromise whatever, and that the whole thing is a canard of the first water. He has steadily refused to accede to the demand of those who insisted upon his giving his inaugural address in February.

The country may rest assured that in Abraham Lincoln they have a REPUBLICAN PRESIDENT, one who will give them a Republican administration. Mr. Lincoln is deeply and honestly committed to the border state compromise, nor to any other. He stands immovable on the Chicago platform, and he will neither acquiesce in nor counsel his friends to acquiesce in any compromise that surrenders one iota of it.—[Springfield Jour.

**EFFECTS OF SECESSION.**—One of the best merchants and wealthiest ship-owners of the country, in a private letter recently addressed to a distinguished senator says:

"The grass will grow in the streets of New Orleans in two or three years of secession independence. All the produce which has usually gone down the river to get vent for Europe or the north, will now go up the river, and by rail across to New York or Boston. Commerce seeks peaceable avenues, and will not knowingly take a dangerous one. The city of Memphis is now sending all of the great receipts of cotton in that place by rail to the North. I have had 2,000 bales come to—for the—factory, all the way by rail, at a less cost laid down than I could do it sending down the river and thence by sea from New Orleans to New York. And this will be the great highway for the tobacco and hemp of Kentucky, the lead of Missouri, and the cotton of North and South Alabama, Arkansas and Mississippi. Ships will not go to ports where they cannot get a proper clearance and where the insurance offices decline to make any insurance."



## REPORTED FROM THE DAILY GAZETTE.

BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE, Office in Union Passenger Depot.

## CHARLESTON, Feb. 5.

Nothing is transpiring here to-day. The reported reinforcement of Fort Sumter is false.

AUSTIN, Texas, Jan. 29. The Governor sent a message to the legislature condemning the New York resolutions tendering men and money to the federal government to coerce the south. He expressed the hope that the people of Texas would act as a unit in the defence of their rights.

The resolution to submit the secession ordinance to the people was lost. The house passed a bill establishing patrols throughout the state.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 5. The convention passed the military bill for two regiments—one of artillery and one of infantry—in all about 1700 men.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 5. Gov. Curtin has ordered a salute in honor of the result in Virginia. Resolutions congratulating the Virginia men were offered in the house to-night.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5. House.—Mr. Moore, of Ky., declared against the right to secede, and argued that the south have equal rights in the territories. When the Douglas or republican platforms are put in practice will be the time for revolt. Kentucky never regarded the government as oppressive.

Mr. Trimble of Ohio felt confident that the Union would be preserved. He was opposed to Crittenden's proposition.

RICHMOND, Feb. 5. Very few delegates elected are submissionists. They will go for secession unless southern rights are fully guaranteed. If the peace congress fails to effect a settlement, the convention will doubtless give the question to the people.

NORFOLK, Feb. 5. Wise is elected by a decided majority. Matthews, secessionist, is elected in Montague.

RALEIGH, Feb. 5. The senate has passed a general stay law.

The house is considering the military bill.

The news from Virginia elates some and depresses others.

CHICAGO, Feb. 5. Private dispatches state that the Virginia election resulted in 110 Union and 30 secession delegates to the convention.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5. The steam frigates Colorado, Mississippi and Minnesota, now at Boston, and the Rockaway at Brooklyn, are at once to be put in requisition for service connected with the collection of revenue at certain ports where the same cannot be collected by the usual means.

NEWARK, Feb. 5. The Rev. Nicholas Murray, D. D., the well known "Kirkman," died last evening at his residence in Elizabeth, of disease of the heart. He was a prominent man in the old school Presbyterian church, and pastor of the West Church in Elizabeth for many years.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5. Ex-President Tyler, on taking the chair of the peace congress, delivered an address, which is eulogized by those who heard it, as highly patriotic and conciliatory. The proceedings were chiefly confined to an expression of views, and somewhat conversational.

Bouligny is the only member from the seceding states who takes an active part in the proceedings.

Tellers to count the votes for President and Vice President are Trumbull for the Senate, and Washburne of Ill., and Phelps of Mo., on the part of the house.

Several Alabama promoters decline to render accounts, saying they await the action of their state. Additional evidence continues to be received of the violation of private correspondence in the south.

The court of inquiry to investigate the surrender of the Pensacola navy yards meets on Friday.

Another witness has been examined as to the alleged conspiracy to seize the capital. Gov. Hicks was examined a few days ago, and will probably be examined again on Thursday.

Commander Walker is to be court-martialed for bringing the store ship Supply to New York, instead of Vera Cruz, as ordered. Secretary Black was nominated to-day, as successor to Justice Daniels, and John Pettit as district judge of Kansas.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5. The great speech of Senator Johnson of Tennessee, is the universal topic of discussion. His denunciation of secessionists was terrific and overwhelming.

Mr. Chase, of Ohio, expressed himself as particularly gratified with Ex-President Tyler's speech in the commissioner's convention, and assured him, as most of the other commissioners did, that they were ready to follow where Virginia lead. The hopes of the union men were high to-night.

In the peace congress, to-day, notice was given that Massachusetts would send commissioners.

The motive for not proceeding to business was, the desire to wait for the Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee and New York delegations. Mr. Kellogg of Illinois, received a despatch from a distinguished republican of Springfield, Illinois, stating that he would be sustained by many leading republicans of that state in the proposition for compromise which he has introduced in the house.

Maj. Hoskins commands the artillery company stationed opposite the eastern front of the capital. He was in command at Baton Rouge, when that arsenal was taken by the state troops. The war department entirely approves of his conduct in surrendering.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5th. Wigfall and others have telegraphed to Montgomery urging the appointment of Alex. H. Stevens as provisional president of the southern confederacy in order to conciliate the southern conservatives.

A resolution was to-day adopted that in the opinion of the general assembly there are no just grounds for the belief that the citizens of Virginia meditate an attack on citizens of the federal capital, or invasion of the District of Columbia, and all preparations are unnecessary so far as this state is concerned.

The steamer frigates Colorado, Mississippi and Minnesota, now at Boston, and the Rockaway at Brooklyn, are at once to be put in requisition for southern ports, charged with the collection of revenue at certain ports, where the same cannot be collected by the usual means.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Feb. 4. The convention met at noon. R. W. Barnwell temporary chairman.

On motion, H. Cobb was elected permanent president by acclamation, and J. Hooper was elected permanent secretary. All the delegates were present except J. Morton of Florida. The usual business was attended to.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5. SENATE.—The President's message, came up and Johnson of Tenn. made a speech supporting his former position and

defending himself from attacks made in consequence of saying that he had struck treason a blow and engaged in it being traitors left the blow.

HOUSE.—Mr. Taylor presented the secession ordinance of Louisiana, and argued against coercive measures, and said the manufacturers were dependent on the south for cotton and it was the interest of all that if a separation took place it should be peaceable.

Mr. Bouligny made an explanation that he had not received official notice of the passage of the ordinance of secession. He was not governed by their action. He was the only M. C. elected as an American Union man, and to their principles he should stand forever. When I came here I took the oath to maintain the constitution, and does not that mean the union of the states? By that oath I shall stand; whenever my immediate constituents instruct me to withdraw from this house, their wishes shall be complied with. I shall, however, not only withdraw, but resign my seat, and after I do so, I shall continue to be a union man, and stand under the flag of the country that gave me birth. (Long and continued applause.)

The bill suspending postal service in the states where obstructed was taken up. Branch opposed it on the ground that such action would be tacit acknowledgment of the independence of the seceding states.

RICHMOND, Feb. 6. The senate voted to-day to send back the Minnesota resolutions.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6. HOUSE.—The speaker laid before the house a message from the president enclosing a resolution from the Louisiana legislature which asks congress to call a national convention to amend the constitution. He recommends the proposition.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Feb. 6. The late delegates from the Chicago convention from Vermont, comprising many of the leaders of the republican party in the state, met informally at Montpelier, yesterday, and unanimously protested against the adoption of any of the proposed compromises before congress.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6. The president has recognized a Spanish consul to reside at Charleston. All government telegraphic communication with New Orleans is cut off. The secretary of the treasury, however, is taking action in regard to late obstruction of the revenue laws by the collector of that city. It is ascertained that the laws will be enforced to the fullest extent practicable, and on Union basis.

THE MARKETS. New York, Feb. 6. Flour market steady. Sales at \$5,30a5,50 extra western. Wheat market opened heavy and closed steady—moderate export demand, Chicago spring 1,25; amber Wisconsin 1,31a1,34.

THE SECESSION STATES.—In 1850 their white population was as follows:

South Carolina,	274,568
Florida,	47,203
Georgia,	521,572
Mississippi,	295,718
Alabama,	426,614

Total, 1,666,670

The total is some 200,000 less than the present population of the state of Illinois alone. The gain in Illinois during the last ten years, was more than the total white population of South Carolina, Florida and Mississippi united.

Partisan feeling in Maryland is very bitter between the union men and the secessionists.

MARRIED. On the 17th day of March, A. D. 1860, by James Armstrong, Esq., Mr. ROBERT BRAND and Mrs. LUCINA SPENGLER, both of this city.

At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. George March, of Shoppers, by Rev. W. H. Barnard, Mr. STEPHEN D. ROBINSON and Mrs. MARY A. CASE, all of Shoppers.

DIED. At Evansville, January 26th, of typhoid fever, Mr. ALLEN D. CARPENTER, aged 48 years.

In the town of Hudson, N. Y., on the 22d, of third son of Hiram and Clarie Bishop, aged 11 years and 7 days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Lappin's Hall.

WYMAN

The Original Wizard

and

VENTRILOQUIST.

THREE NIGHTS ONLY!

THURSDAY, FRIDAY & SATURDAY,

February 7th, 8th and 9th.

Also,

Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

ADMISSION 50 CTS, CHILDREN 16 CTS.

See small bills.

TAXES.

ALL persons who have not paid their State and County Taxes are requested to do so this week without fail, and save costs.

W. B. A. YOUNG, Treasurer.

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC.

Miss Margaret B. West,

Teacher of Piano Forte and Singing, and the most approved principles. Particular attention to time and style. Lessons given (if desired) at the pupils' homes. Address, at the corner of Mr. Andrew Palmer's, Center street, Janesville, Wis.

BUY YOUR

BURNING FLUID

AT

PALMER'S.

He has it

Fresh Every Day

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LOWEST FIGURES.

January 21st, 1860.

To Rent or For Sale.

A SMALL, convenient house, situated near Trinity Church. Possession given immediately. For particulars and terms apply to E. G. HARLOW, Office in M. C. Smith's clothing store, opposite Central Bank.

January 26th, 1861.

1860 - 1860

MERCHANTS' DESPATCH

FAST FREIGHT LINE!

American Express Co., Proprietors.

FROM NEW YORK AND BOSTON

TO THE WEST AND SOUTH-WEST.

FORWARDS goods at a more expeditious rate than any line running west except the regular Express Co. Forwarding bills, covering the entire route from New York and Boston, will be given.

Through receipts will be given at 197 Broadway, New York, and 55 State street, Boston.

Mark all packages

"MERCHANTS' DESPATCH"

and deliver at Depot, 142 Chambers street, New York, and Western B. R. Boston, Mass.

General office in Old Freight Depot of Lake Shore R. R., Buffalo, N. Y. P. S. MARSH, Sup't.

For full particulars, apply to J. W. Nichols, Agent.

At the office of the Am. Ex. Co., Janesville, Wis. Jan25dwt

REMOVAL!

February 1st, 1861.

S. C. SPAULDING

Will remove to

No. 1 Myers' New Block.

Watch, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Clocks, &c.,

on or about the above date, when he would be happy to receive all those who will favor him with a call.

Jan25dwt

## SELECT SCHOOL.

The undersigned will open a select school on MONDAY, Feb. 11th, at 9 o'clock A. M., in the new block on Main street belonging to J. J. R



**LOCAL DEPARTMENT.**  
**Meeting of the Citizens.**  
There will be a meeting of the citizens of Janesville at the court room on Friday evening, 7 o'clock, to take into consideration the propriety of having the charter amended, as recommended by the committee appointed by the common council.  
By order of Committee.

**A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.**—Mr. G. H. Winslow is fitting up a new fruit and confectionery store on Main street, next door to the American. Every thing looks like a neat and pleasant establishment and a good stock to fill it.

**TRY AHEAD!**—Wymann, the Prince of Wizards, will give three exhibitions at Lippins's Hall, commencing to-morrow evening. Get your quarters ready.

**SACK COMPANY SOCIABLE.**—The Sack Company, at its meeting last evening, resolved to give their first annual sociable next Tuesday evening. A limited number of tickets will be issued, and placed at the disposal of the members of the company. A pleasant party may be anticipated.

**LOST.**—At the lecture last evening, a boy's cloth cap. The finder will please leave it at this office.

**Eastern exchange is up to 6 1/2** at Chicago, caused by the depression of stocks.

**Mr. Lincoln is so annoyed by office seekers** that he receives calls at his office only between 3 1/2 and 5 P. M.

**The secessionists have received a set-back** in western Virginia. Nearly all the counties west of the mountains are for the Union.

**Lieut. Jewett, a Kentuckian,** has been arrested in Florida, and compelled to give his parole not to serve against Florida. This offends the Kentuckians.

**STEAM FIRE ENGINES.**—A bill has passed the assembly to re-organise the Milwaukee fire department, providing for the substitution of steam for hand engines.

**The Attorney General and Bank Comptroller** have been added to the commission for the extension of the state capital.

**"SERVED HIM RIGHT."**—A correspondent of the Louisville Democrat says a palmetto flag made its appearance at Glasgow, Ky., the other day. It was treated with very little respect. A crowd took it in charge, placed it over a barrel of tar, after dipping it in the same material, and burned it. The pictures of Gov. Pickens and W. L. Yancey didn't save it.

**MOCK OYSTERS.**—Two tea-cupfuls of dried sweet corn, put into one quart of water, let it soak four hours keeping warm on the stove but not allowed to boil. Then add sufficient water for soup, add about one tea-cupful of codfish picked very fine, one heaping spoonful of flour, salt, butter, and pepper. You can hardly tell it from oyster soup.—Exchange.

This will be good news to the lovers of the juicy bivalves if Virginia puts so heavy an export duty on one of her staple productions as to forbid a free use of it by northern barbarians. But at present prices we prefer a can of Wooliscroft's or Wheelock's "M. & H." brands.

**MILWAUKEE POST OFFICE.**—The Free Democrat of Monday says:  
We learn that Mr. Bull, agent of the general post office department, took formal possession of our post office this morning.  
This we suppose is all right. There is no danger of the government neglecting the federal property at the north, or failing in the prompt—even the vindictive—enforcement of the laws here. At the south—Oh, that's a different thing!  
If the federal authority should be resisted at Milwaukee, the troops from Washington would be sent here, and Fort Snodgrass and Pensacola abandoned to concentrate vengeance on Wisconsin.

**Boston, Feb. 5.**  
The house has passed resolutions to send commissioners to Washington, Jno. C. Goodrich, Charles Allen, Geo. S. Boutwell, Joseph M. Forbes, Frank C. Cronin, T. H. Chandler, and R. H. Wales, send commissioners.

The meeting at Faneuil hall, to-day and evening, was large and enthusiastic. Hundreds were unable to obtain admission.—Stevenson was the principal speaker.  
At the day meeting a letter from Mr. Everett was read, stating that Congress was unable to heal the breach, as the members are bound by party ties, and the only alternative was Union, or a bloody strife. The latter was included, "Let the cry ring out from Faneuil Hall, 'the Union it must and shall be preserved.'"  
Resolutions of attachment to the Union were adopted; approving the recent speeches of Seward and Adams; appealing to Virginia and other border states to the call of patriotic duty; conceding equal rights of states in common territory, and approving of a compromise on the basis of the Crittenden resolutions.

**Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.**  
**CAMANCHE, IOWA, Jan. 30, 1861.**  
**FLAT-BOATS INTERCEPTED ON THE MISSISSIPPI.**—I learn from the most reliable source, that Mr. Gilbert, from Albany, Ill., last fall left his place with a flat-boat, loaded with corn, potatoes and other produce, to sell out at different places along the southern part of the Mississippi. He proceeded a little below Memphis, and was there intercepted by an armed force and forbidden to go further. He, therefore, was obliged to fasten up his loaded cargo, and there it now is. Samuel Mitchell, also of Albany, was with him, who returned home about two weeks ago, and reports that Mr. Gilbert is still there watching his stock with "several acres of flat boats" in the same condition. These chivalrous interceptors of commerce refuse to buy them out, or to allow them to proceed.  
Comment is unnecessary, but let the circumstance be noted. C. M. HAWLEY.

The family of Mr. Coleman, at Springfield, Ill., retired on Thursday night, leaving a fire burning in the coal stove. The coal gas by some means escaped from the stove during the night, filling the rooms, and all the members of the family, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Coleman, their child, and a man, were next morning found insensible, and at last accounts one of them was dead and the rest not expected to recover. A cat that was in the house, was found dead on the floor.

**Ex-Secretary Floyd** has written to Washington that he will stand trial on the charges against him. He may have written this, but what is his word good for.

**JOB PRINTING!**  
**Recent Large Additions**  
TO OUR  
**JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT**  
Have made the Gazette Office one of the  
**Best Jobbing Offices**  
in the West, and without any superior in Wisconsin.  
With our  
**STEAM POWER AND FAST PRESSES!**  
we are enabled to execute any order for work with a  
**PROMPTNESS**  
unequaled in this section of the state, and  
**IN STYLE AND NEATNESS**  
we challenge a comparison with any or all.  
We have in our employment a foreman, whose good taste and accuracy is not excelled anywhere, or equaled by any other establishment.  
**THE PERSONAL ATTENTION**  
of one of the proprietors is also given to every job done in the office, and if an error is committed by the office the job will be reprinted without charge.  
We invite the attention of our friends to our  
**Work and our Facilities for Executing It,**  
in the fullest confidence that they will be  
**ENTIRELY SATISFIED**  
not only with the manner in which their orders are filled, but the prices charged.  
**Holt, Bowen & Wilcox.**  
**COMMERCIAL.**  
**Janesville Wholesale Market.**  
**Reported for the Janesville Gazette,**  
**BUMP & GRAY,**  
**GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.**  
JANESVILLE, FEBRUARY 8, 1861.  
There was a large increase in receipts of wheat to-day over yesterday, there being fully 8,000 bushels on the market, and, owing to the large supply, prices were hardly as firm; sales ranged at 75¢/76¢ for milling spring, and 65¢/70¢ for shipping, closing quiet. Receipts of dressed hogs were 70 head, which sold at a range of 5,50¢/6,00¢ per 100 lbs for light and heavy. No change in other prices as follows:  
WHEAT—good to choice milling spring 76¢/75¢; fair to good dry shipping 65¢/70¢; damp and green 60¢/65¢.  
CORN—shelled 20¢/25¢ per 50 lbs, ear 20¢/22¢ per 100 lbs.  
OATS—in demand at 15¢/16¢ per bushel.  
RYE—declined to 23¢/25¢ per 50 lbs.  
BARLEY—good quality 30¢/35¢ per 50 lbs, common 20¢/25¢.  
DRESSED HOGS—quiet at 5,50¢/6,00¢ per 100 for light to extra heavy.  
TIMOTHY SEED—in request at 1,50¢/1,70¢ per 48 lbs.  
POTATOES—plenty at 10¢/15¢ for good to choice ones.  
BUTTER—plenty at 13¢/15¢ for common to choice.  
EGGS—in good supply at 12¢/15¢ per dozen.  
HIDES—Green, 50¢/60¢; Dry, 40¢/50¢.  
FLOUR—spring at retail 2,25¢, per 100 lbs.  
POLITICAL—dressed turkeys, 6¢/8¢; chickens, 5¢/6¢; SHEEP FELTS—range from 20¢/30¢ each.

**To Rent or For Sale.**  
THE store now occupied by Messrs. Pixley & Halder, on corner of West Milwaukee and Jackson streets, possession given immediately. Enquire of J. B. HYZER, Janesville, December 10th, 1860. dec10dt

**J. B. HYZER,**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware!  
of all descriptions.  
Have Troughs, Conductors and Cistern Pumps  
Made to order. PUMPS REPAIRED. Shop over Dan & Carter's Grocery Store, West Milwaukee Street, Janesville. RAGS WANTED IN KACHANOR mar20dawit

**JUST RECEIVED**  
Another lot of those Fine  
**AMERICAN WATCHES!**  
Fine and Fashionable Jewelry,  
Sterling Silver Ware, viz:  
Tea and Table Spoons, Sugar and Salt  
Shells, Cream Ladles, Butter and  
Fruit Knives, Napkin Rings,  
**Silver Plated Ware**  
of all kinds, the very best manufactured.  
**Table and Pocket Cutlery,**  
SCISSORS, SHEARS, &c.,  
**GILCHRIST'S RAZORS!**  
**CLOCKS & TIME PIECES.**  
All goods sold by me are warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.  
Particular attention paid to repairing FINE WATCHES. Jewelry and Clocks repaired and cleaned in good style.  
CASH PAID FOR OLD SILVER.  
S. C. SPAULDING, Lippins's Block.  
coll'dawit

**Good Tailoring.**  
**JOHN THOMPSON,**  
CORNER of Main and Milwaukee streets, in May's block, opposite the Rock County Bank, is prepared to do any and all kinds of work in the very best manner and style. He  
**Gives His Own Labor**  
to every job entrusted to him, and guarantees satisfaction in all cases. His experience in the trade has been considerable, and he is not content to be a workman as by any person in the business. His friends in the city and country, and the public generally, are invited to give him a call and test his abilities.  
Prices as low as good work and the expense of living will permit. JOHN THOMPSON.  
Janesville, December 20th, 1860. dec20dawit

**SUBSCRIPTIONS**  
to the  
**Cosmopolitan Art Association for the 7th Yr.**  
The Engraving is  
**Falstaff Mustering His Recruits,**  
size 80 by 37 inches.  
The elegantly illustrated Art Journal, a Quarterly Periodical, all for \$5.00.  
**SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE.**  
Engraving to be seen at  
662dawit TALLMAN & COLLINS.

**TO THE LADIES.**  
**A MATTER OF FACT.**  
**Millinery at your own Price.**  
MRS. O'DIA & SISTER, in order to prepare for the spring trade, are now selling off their splendid stock of  
**FALL AND WINTER BONNETS,**  
embracing the newest styles and patterns in Silk, Satin, Velvet and Straw, made of the  
**VERY BEST MATERIALS,**  
at from \$1 to \$10.  
An elegant assortment of Wedding and Mourning Hats always ready.  
Presses, Manicures, &c., cut and made to order, and bonnets cleaned and trimmed at unprecedentedly low prices. Nothing is left undone to give satisfaction and please our kind patrons.  
Watercourse, Young America block, (over Harsh's clothing store.) Main street, Janesville, Wis. coll'dawit

**Family Provision and Fruit Store.**  
THE subscriber, having taken the store on Main st., lately occupied by Mr. Thurston, intends keeping on hand a good assortment of  
**Provisions and Fruits.**  
He has on hand 200 barrels of good Winter Apples which are offered at low as can be bought this side of the lake. Also, 20 barrels of choice Cranberries. Families can always be supplied with choice Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, &c. WILLIAM ANDREWS.  
Janesville, Nov. 25th, 1860. nov30dawit

**STRAINED HONEY!**  
at  
**100 Pounds**  
**SAGE**  
FOR sale in Quantities to suit Purchasers.  
Jas23dt TALLMAN & COLLINS.

Should the terrible conflagrations that are sweeping over the country in all directions prove as frequent and disastrous for a twelve month to come as they have during the last eighteen months, very many of the small Fire Insurance Companies, having their agents scattered throughout the west, must go to the wall, there is no salvation for them. If you would be safe, safe beyond peradventure, always insure with companies that are known to be sound. Such, and such only, are represented at

**DIMOCK'S**  
**Insurance & Real Estate**  
**AGENCY.**  
ITS SUCCESS UNPARALLELED  
In the Annals of Insurance!

**PHENIX**  
**INSURANCE COMPANY**  
**HARTFORD**  
CONN.

Cash Capital, - - - \$400,000 00  
Cash Assets, - - - \$582,325 00

**The Phoenix Company**  
devotes its entire time and attention to the business of  
**FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY,**  
and having a Cash Capital pledged solely for that purpose, is enabled to offer  
**SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES**  
to those desiring reliable indemnity, and for promptness for the settlement of losses, the  
**Phoenix has no Rival in America.**  
H. Kellogg, Secretary. S. L. Loomis, President.  
New York Office, 31 and 33 West Third Street, - - - Cincinnati.  
R. H. & H. M. MAGILL, Gen'l Agents.

**THE HOME**  
OF  
**New York City!**  
Cash Capital and Surplus,  
**\$1,500,000.00.**  
This Company has the largest Cash Capital of any in New York, and is emphatically one of the Solid Institutions of this Country.  
**SOUND, ALWAYS.**

**THE INSURED PARTICIPATE**  
IN THE  
**Profits Without Liability.**  
**THREE-FOURTHS**  
OF THE  
**PROFITS OF THE BUSINESS**  
DIVIDED ANNUALLY  
TO  
**POLICY-HOLDERS.**

**CONTINENTAL**  
**INSURANCE CO.**  
18 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.  
Cash Capital, \$500,000 00  
Assets, July 1, 1860, 993,208 38  
Liabilities, 14,733 43

The attention of the community is respectfully called to the following features in connection with this Company:  
First—By insuring in this company, the advantages of a Mutual Insurance Company are obtained, with the additional advantage afforded in the security given by an ample and reliable Cash Capital—a feature not presented by ordinary Mutual Fire Insurance Companies. The dividends to customers, already declared, are as follows:  
1st Division to Policy-Holders, 1857, 334 3/4¢  
2d " " " 1858, 50 " "  
3d " " " 1859, 50 " "  
4th " " " 1860, 45 " "  
Second—The security given, which is already large, will constantly increase with each year of successful operation. This is exhibited clearly in the following statement, showing the position of the company in each year since the new system was adopted.  
July, 1856, Net Assets of the Company, \$570,263 43  
" 1857, " " " 647,718 84  
" 1858, " " " 741,908 02  
" 1859, " " " 863,651 84  
" 1860, " " " 993,208 38  
Third—The insured incur no liability whatever, while obtaining these advantages of superior security and cheapness.  
H. H. LAMPORT, Sec'y. GEO. T. HOPE, Pres.  
Cyrus Peck, Asst. Sec'y.

**THE SECURITY**  
OF  
**NEW YORK CITY.**  
Cash Capital and Surplus,  
**\$620,000.00.**  
**75 Per Cent of the Net Profits**  
DIVIDED ANNUALLY AMONG POLICY-HOLDERS.  
With its Half Million of Dollars Capital, and large Surplus, its able management, and conservative course, the Security is, and will continue to be,  
**All Right.**

**THE MERCHANTS**  
OF  
**Hartford, - Connecticut.**  
Cash Capital and Surplus,  
**\$250,000.00.**  
Among the strong Insurance Companies of Old Hartford there are none that stand better than the Merchants. Its management is in the hands of able men of long experience in the business of Insurance. There is no safer company to insure in.

**THE HAMPTDEN**  
OF  
**Springfield, Mass.**  
Cash Capital and Surplus,  
**\$225,000.00.**  
The Hampden stands unrivaled for promptness with which it pays all  
**HONEST LOSSES.**  
You are safe in the hands of the Hampden.  
Applications solicited and Policies issued  
In all the shore companies, at as  
**Low Rates**  
as by any other equally responsible companies, by application to  
**E. L. DIMOCK, Agent**  
for Janesville and vicinity.  
Losses Promptly and Fairly Adjusted.  
FULL COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS.  
swit

**W. H. TALLMAN, H. W. COLLIN**  
**EMPIRE DRUG STORE,**  
ESTABLISHED IN 1845.  
**TALLMAN & COLLINS,**  
SUCCESSION TO  
**Holden, Kemp & Co.,**  
PROPRIETORS.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & CO., 1851.  
HOLDEN & KEMP, 1845.

**TALLMAN & COLLINS, 1857,**  
**IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE**  
DEALERS IN  
East Indian, European & American  
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Glass, Dye  
stuffs, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Physicians  
Glass Ware, Wines and Liquors for Med-  
ical purposes. Great West-  
ern Dispensary Patent  
Medicines.

All orders for goods promptly attended to and respect-  
fully delivered.  
dec12dawit TALLMAN & COLLINS.

**IT PAYS! IT PAYS!**  
**TO USE THE**  
**Extract Tonguin Musk**  
FOR SALE BY  
**TALLMAN & COLLINS.**  
dec20dawit

**PATENT MEDICINES!**  
5 Gross COMPOUND SYRUP SARSAPARILLA.  
8 " Kennedy's Medical Discovery.  
30 " Brown's Bronchial Trochoc.  
1 " JONAS WHITCOMB'S ASTHMA REMEDY  
3 " Cocaine.  
8 " Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.  
2 " McMEYER'S ELIXIR OF OPIUM.  
2 " Hunt's Liniment.  
1 " KENNEDY'S SALT RHEUM OINTMENT.  
4 " Wood's Hair Restorative, \$1 size.  
1/2 " Herberich's Russia Salve.  
2 " Herberich's Sulfur Compound Ointment.  
1 " Bachelor's Hair Dye.  
2 " Matthew's Venetian Hair Dye,  
60 cts. per bottle.  
3 " INDELEIBLE INK, the best in market.  
4 " Mexican Shadung Liniment, all sizes.  
6 " Herberich's Sugar Coated Pills.  
7 " BRANDRETH'S PILLS.  
11 " Moffet's Pills.  
6 " JAYNE'S PILLS.  
2 " Clark's Female Pills.  
3 " Cluiceman's Female Pills.  
4 " Bryant's Polonicum Wafers.  
2 " DAVIS' PAIN KILLER, all sizes.  
2 " McMeister's All Healing Ointment.  
1 " Bachelor's Oriental Hair Tonic,  
25 cent size.  
10 " OSBORN'S GOLDEN OINTMENT, Genuine.  
The above is a partial list of our Patent Medicines. All the Popular Medicines of the day can be obtained Genuine at the Empire Drug Store.  
Jas23daw TALLMAN & COLLINS, Proprietors.

**YOU ARE PERSONALLY INVITED**  
TO  
**ATTEND A LARGE SALE**  
at the  
**STORE**  
of  
**Bennett & Bostwick,**  
TO come off at any time when you may be present  
from this time forward. One of the largest and best  
**Stock of Goods**  
ever offered in this market.  
Reader, this is to you. If a Lady, this is  
to buy your  
Prints,  
Delains,  
Valentines,  
Poplins,  
Silks,  
Muslins,  
Laces,  
Ragings,  
Ribbons,  
Trimnings,  
Hoods,  
Hosiery,  
Brocha Shawls, &c., &c.  
If a Gentleman,  
Broadcloths,  
Vestings,  
Cassimers,  
Satinets,  
Frocks,  
Drawers,  
Waistcoats,  
Collars,  
Gloves,  
Hats, &c., &c., &c.  
If a Gent and Lady,  
Carpets,  
Crockery,  
Glassware,  
Blankets,  
Bathing,  
Shoeing,  
Children's  
Clothes & Stockings  
&c., &c., &c.

We are bound to maintain the  
**Reputation of this Concern**  
for  
**GOOD GOODS**  
and  
**LOW PRICES.**  
All are respectfully invited to call.  
dec14dt BENNETT & BOSTWICK.

**New Arrival of Goods!**  
AT  
**WHEELLOCK'S,**  
CONSISTING IN PART OF HERMETICALLY SEALED  
Fish Oils, Lobsters, Pine Apples, Raspberries, Quinces,  
Pears, Blackberries, Strawberries, &c., &c.,  
Quinces, Currants, &c. Cut in Slices,  
Walnut and Mushroom Cutups;  
John Bull, Anchovy, Water,  
cucumber Slices; Pickles in  
all sizes; French Mustard, Sardines, &c.  
All Fresh Colonial Goods, and all other goods, &c.  
December 20th, 1860. sep15dawit

**DOUBLE**  
**Of all Doors the Most Lasting!**  
IS THE CHEAPEST AND BEST PREVENTIVE IN THE  
Is Stronger than any Imported Article.  
ONLY COSTS 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.  
**EXTRACT**  
**WOODWARD'S**  
There is No Use in Talking!  
Is the place, and shall be, to buy all kinds of  
Tobacco, Cigars and Pipes.  
Cigars, Pipes and Tobacco.  
Pipes, Tobacco and Cigars.  
**Cheap for Cash.**  
All goods warranted to be as represented or money re-  
funded. Purchasers will do well to examine my stock  
before purchasing elsewhere.  
WM. F. WOODWARD.  
Opposite the Hyatt House, West Milwaukee street,  
Janesville, Wis. nov17dt

**Tobacco, Cigar and Liquor Store.**  
WE keep constantly on hand a full assortment of  
Plug, Fine Cut, Cheving, and Smoking Tobacco,  
Cigars, Manicure and Bayonet Knives, Pipes, Tobacco  
Boxes, &c.; also, Liquors, Groceries and Glass Ware,  
all at prices to correspond with the times at the old  
stand on Main street.  
ap10dt C. O. MEYER & BROTHER.

**NEW DEAL**  
**PALMER'S**  
**Drug and Tea Store.**  
**PRICES TO CORRESPOND**  
with the  
**Price of Produce**  
and  
**VALUE OF MONEY.**  
I HAVE the largest and best selected stock of  
**MEDICINES**  
and  
**CHEMICALS,**  
Paints, Oils and Varnishes,  
PARLOR AND KITCHEN LAMPS,  
**FLUID, OILS, &c.,**  
**Toilet and Fancy Articles,**  
Patent Preparations and Specifiers  
to be found in market. Together with a full and varied  
stock of  
**GROCERIES,**  
**WINE AND LIQUORS**  
for medical purposes,  
**SPICES, FLAVORING EXTRACTS,**  
**FRUITS AND FIXINGS**  
for Family Use.  
**Window Glass,**  
**GLASS WARE,**  
**Kerosene and Machine Oils, &c.**  
All of which I will sell at prices to correspond with the  
reductions to which the laborers and producers of the  
country are now compelled to submit.  
I will sell all kinds of  
**MEDICINES,**  
**CHEMICALS, PREPARATIONS AND PRESCRIPTIONS,**  
**PAINTS, OILS, &c., BROWN AND REFINED**  
**SUGARS, STROPS, SPICES, SALT,**  
**coarse and fine, FISH, FLOUR, &c.,**  
**LOWER**  
than any other house in Janesville, for the same quality  
and style of goods, and  
**Deliver Them Free of Charge**  
to customers in town, or to the railroad depots for such  
as wish them sent by rail. My  
**TEAS!**  
**BLACK AND GREEN,**  
as well as many other articles in which I deal, have be-  
come indispensable to all families that use them. To  
such as have long dealt with me, I reiterate new custom-  
ers for information as to the quality of my goods,  
their prices, and my way of doing business.  
PALMER,  
Drug and Tea Store, near the Ford House, Janesville.

**COLOGNES!**  
**TRY OUR**  
**Rose Geranium Cologne,**  
the cheapest and best  
**PERFUME**  
in market. We also make a superb  
**German and Prairie Flower**  
**COLOGNE,**  
and sell them  
**50 Per Cent Lower**  
than the Indifferent Preparation from abroad sold by  
other dealers. PALMER'S DRUG & TEA STORE,  
West Milwaukee street, Janesville.

**Butter, Eggs, Poultry, &c.**  
CASH and the highest price paid for good fresh But-  
ter, Eggs, Poultry, &c., at  
PALMER'S,  
dec14dawit Near the Ford House.

**Flour and Meal!**  
Best Superior Flour and Fresh Corn Meal,  
ALWAYS on hand at Mill Prices, and delivered free  
of charge, at  
January 17th, 1861.  
**Carter and Pink Eye Potatoes,**  
Five Hundred Bushels Choice  
**CARTER AND PINK EYE POTATOES,**  
AT Lowest Market Price, delivered Free of Charge to  
any part of the city.  
January 17th, 1861. PALMER'S.

**HOUSE LOTS**  
AT  
**Reduced Prices.**  
I offer my remaining House Lots in Palmer and  
Sutherland's addition, east of the Depot and Rail-  
road track, at  
**GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.**  
I have also some eligible lots in my addition, west of  
the Depot, which I will sell at prices within the reach  
of all who desire to acquire.  
**A Cheap and Permanent Home**  
in the city. Persons desiring  
**LARGER TRACTS,**  
can be accommodated in the same neighborhood, with  
parcels suited to their wants, at low figures.  
Also, Business Lots on West Milwaukee street for  
Sale or Rent.  
**TERMS EASY, AND TITLE PERFECT.**  
A. PALMER.  
Drug and Tea Store, West Milwaukee street.  
January 17th, 1861. jas17dawit

**SAVE YOUR MONEY!**  
AND CALL AT  
**MOSES HARSH'S**  
Young America Clothing House,  
where the  
**Largest and Choicest Stock**  
of  
**WINTER CLOTHING**  
is now offered at  
**ASTONISHING LOW PRICES.**  
**MOSES HARSH**  
has just received his  
**Second Great Arrival of**  
**FALL AND WINTER**  
**CLOTHING!**  
consisting of fine  
**BLACK CLOTH DRESS COATS**  
BUSINESS COATS of all kinds,  
**PANTS AND VESTS,** the largest variety,  
which he will sell  
**Thirty per Cent Less**  
than any other house in this city.  
**Gentlemen in Want**  
of anything in the  
**CLOTHING LINE**  
will do well to call at  
Moses Harsh's Young America Clothing House  
and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.  
**What the People Want!**  
SINGLES and Double Zeppylins, also Chinchilla Wore-  
trids and Shotland Wool. This day received at  
ALLEN'S CASH CASH STORE.  
January 15th, 1861. jas15dt

**Kerosene Oil,**  
BURNING Fluid, Camphene and Lamp Oils, at  
Jas12dt COLWELL & CO'S.

**Fresh Oysters at Wheelock's.**  
CONSTANTLY on hand, the Finest Baltimore Oys-  
ters of the sea, dozen cash or case at the lowest  
market price.  
Jas10dt W. G. WHEELLOCK.  
Janesville, Oct. 31st. oct31dawit Main Street.

**November 21st, 1860.**  
**LATEST AND LARGEST**  
**ARRIVAL**  
—AT—  
**CHAPMAN'S**  
**EMPORIUM!**  
**THE ORIGINAL**  
AND  
**Only Genuine**  
**ONE PRICE STORE.**  
Has Just Returned From  
**NEW YORK,**  
and we are now  
**Prepared to Offer**  
**GREATER**  
**INDUCEMENTS**  
than ever before to those  
**Who wish to Secure Their**  
**FALL AND WINTER**  
**GOODS**  
AT THE  
**LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.**  
**THE GOODS**  
we have been receiving for the  
**Last Two Weeks**  
were bought at a  
**GREAT REDUCTION**  
FROM  
**August and September Prices,**  
AND WE  
**Can and Will**  
**DEFY ALL COMPETITION.**  
to say more to those who have  
**BOUGHT GOODS OF US**  
for the  
**LAST THREE YEARS,**  
as it is understood that  
**That We have but One Price!**  
and that  
**We Cannot be Undersold.**  
**THIS WE WILL PROVE TO ALL**  
who will call and examine our  
**GOODS AND PRICES.**  
**Come One, Come All**  
to the  
**HONEST ONE PRICE STORE**  
for  
**BARGAINS.**  
Janesville, Nov. 21st, 1860. nov21dawit

**THE CASH SYSTEM TRIUMPHANT!**  
**The New York Cash Store Still Ahead.**  
**THE LARGEST STOCK**  
now arriving ever received by  
**THIS OR ANY OTHER**  
establishment in this city.  
**IN QUALITY, STYLE AND RICHNESS OF**  
**GOODS**  
**We Defy all Competition.**  
We have been receiving in the last ten days the  
**Largest Stock of Merchandise**  
ever before received by  
**Any One Establishment in this City,**  
which we propose to sell a large share of in the next 30  
days for  
**CASH ONLY!**  
**At Prices that will defy all Competition**  
in this country. Our stock has all been purchased in the  
**PAST TWO WEEKS**  
direct from the  
**IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS**  
and  
**LARGE AUCTION SALES,**  
by the  
**PACKAGE AND CASE,**  
and will be sold as low as goods are generally  
**Jobbed for in New York.**  
Janesville, Nov. 19th, 1860. M. C. SMITH.

**CLOTHS, CASSIMERES**  
AND  
**VESTINGS!**  
In Quality, Style and Texture we have now the most  
**Magnificent Stock**  
of these goods ever offered for sale in this city, and as  
good as can be found in any city in the United States,  
from which we are prepared to get up any kind of  
**CARMENTS TO ORDER**  
in as good style as can be done in any city on this or  
any other continent. M. C. SMITH.  
Janesville, November 19th, 1860.

**LADIES' FURS.**  
**A** SPLENDID assortment of these goods just received,  
which we are selling very cheap.  
November 19th, 1860. M. C. SMITH.

**Alexander's Kid Gloves.**  
**JUST** received, a fine assortment, at the  
NEW YORK CASH STORE.  
Nov. 19, 1860.

**Crockery & Glass Ware.**  
**JUST** arrived, a very large stock of Crockery and  
Glass Ware of  
**Our Own Importation,**  
which we can and will sell 25 per cent  
**CHEAPER**  
than any house in this city.  
Janesville, November 19th, 1860. M. C. SMITH.

**CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!**  
WE have just received a large invoice of J. Croyley  
& Son's  
**Tapestry and Velvet Carpets**  
of magnificent styles, both small and large patterns, and  
the best quality made. We have  
**REDUCED THE PRICE**  
of these goods 25 per cent. At the price we are selling  
them for, they are the cheapest carpets made.  
November 19th, 1860. M. C. SMITH.  
nov19dt

**BROCHA SHAWLS.**  
WE have just received some of the most magnifi-  
cent  
**BROCHA SHAWLS**  
ever offered in this state. Also, a large lot of low priced  
goods.  
**LADIES' CLOAKS,**  
some splendid styles of these goods; also a very large  
lot of  
**Double Wool Shawls,**  
which we are selling fully  
**25 PER CENT LESS**  
than they are worth. Also,  
**SILK AND WOOL SHAWLS,**  
some splendid styles.  
Janesville, November 19th, 1860. M. C. SMITH.

**Hosiery & Gloves.**  
**A** SPLENDID line of Hosiery and Gloves now on  
sale at the  
NEW YORK CASH STORE.  
Janesville, November 19th, 1860.

**Great Reduction in the Price**  
of  
**Fancy Dress Silks.**  
WE have now much the largest stock of Dress Silks  
in this city, which we will sell fully  
**THIRTY PER CENT**  
below the usual prices. We invite the particular at-  
tention of the ladies to these goods. M. C. SMITH.  
Janesville, November 19th, 1860.

**VELVET RIBBONS.**  
**2,000** PIECES of Black Velvet Ribbons,  
**WARRANTED ALL SILK,**  
which is of a quality very scarce to be found in this city  
just received and selling by the piece at very  
**LOW PRICES.**  
We warrant these goods all silk or no sale. Also,  
splendid line of  
**BONNET RIBBONS,**  
selling very much below regular prices at the  
November 19. NEW YORK CASH STORE.

**French Merino.**  
**A** SPLENDID stock of Plain and Figured French  
Merinos, also some beautiful,  
**Rep. Plain and Striped Merinos,**  
something entirely new, and splendid goods, just re-  
ceived at the  
NEW YORK CASH STORE.  
Janesville, Nov. 19th, 1860.



